



## **Philips Semiconductors**

Connectivity and Interoperability Solutions

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### **Button Project for Monitor Control**

KEYWORDS USB, HID, Win'98 WDM, H11A, Interrupt Pipe, OOC, Retrigger

**Introduction:** USB provides an untouched measure for PC peripheral vendors to design a wealthy amount of yet value-added PC peripheral devices. Furthermore, Win'98 WDM HID-class device supporting makes it possible to reduce the cost, shorten the time-to-market of products. In this application note, a few buttons are deployed together with our proprietary auto-brightness circuit to exploit some new interesting features for monitor control, hence add values for monitor. Additionally, the strength of H11A was further utilized to show its high performance in our design.

### **Button Board functionality:**

In this project, a small board was made which can be directly mounted on our basic H11A demo board. This small board was designed for both Motolora and Philips MCU. Following figure shows the button board functions. In summary, they are

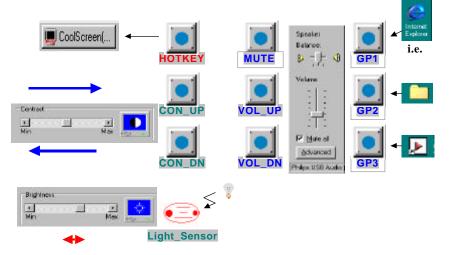


Figure 1 Button functionality illustration

• Automatic adjustment of monitor brightness (Light\_Sensor)

Monitor brightness can be automatically adjusted following the ambient lighting condition. On button board, one commonly used light sensor together embedded MCU in monitor was made to acquire the ambient light, then, the monitor brightness can be automatically adjusted. (For more information about auto-brightness, refer to Aug. Newsletter of APIC). This is low-cost implementation because of no ADC was used.

Additionally, this capability can be enabled/disabled manually by CoolScreen.

• Audio playback control examples (VOL\_UP, VOL\_DN, MUTE)

Three most common audio control buttons: Volume Up, Volume Down and Mute were set shown as in Fig.1. In addition, the CoolScreen was made synchronized with audio control. This functionality has great performance because no additional else driver but Win'98 HID class driver is required to support USB audio speaker and non-USB audio speaker. But something has to be remembered during design the device-embedded firmware. Audio control provided here is only some examples of all audio control. From here, it can be imaged that all of the

audio playback controls can be made low-cost with USB HID-class driver of Win'98 WDM. In addition, this audio control isn't like that the USB audio class provides, it is HID-compliant

• User-defined Application buttons (**GP1,GP2,GP3**)

These three buttons provides user free selection of their favorite application. Once one button was pressed, then one of famous applications was launched.

• Synchronization between OSD buttons (**CON\_UP** and **CON\_DN**) and CoolScreen applet

Here only contrast up and contrast down of possible OSD controls are demonstrated. Pressing Contrast up/down will increase/reduce the contrast of the monitor and at the same time the CoolScreen scroll bar will move to right/left in synchronization to contrast variation.

• HotKey for CoolScreen Applet popping

Any OSD or Audio button pressed action will pop up CoolScreen applet.

### Device interface definition and button Usage type for functionality:

In this design, H11A is utilized to implement Hub and USB composite device that consists of monitor control and audio control. So OS enumerates two independent devices: Philips Hub and one composite device.

Originally, we tried to use a single interface to encapsulate both monitor control and audio playback control. For monitor control implementation convenience, we use report ID to separate each feature item for monitor control, for example, brightness, contrast, etc., that will greatly reduce data transfer workload from firmware perspective and relieve the pain of writing the proprietary driver (DLL file) from software perspective. In this case, the audio control must be given a report ID before the true control. However, even the audio control can be successfully enumerated by OS (in this case, the audio control report descriptor is required to be defined as an independent top-collection), it doesn't work because HID driver doesn't bypass the report ID before the true control data, then application cannot be controlled. This flaw of HID driver requires us to use either two interfaces or one interface but two alternate settings. Two alternate settings require the Applet to switch between the two settings, so it is application-dependent, this is not the hope of device designer.

Two interfaces under one configuration should be the preference. It is especially true for H11A because it has so many free endpoints in normal use that we can add many interfaces as required. One interface is designed for Philips Monitor control---CoolScreen purpose, the other is for Audio playback control. So it is a composite device under USB device entry in the Device Manager List.

Device class is defined in device descriptor, configuration descriptor and interface descriptor by firmware at device-level. Win'98 will read those descriptors and load the correct class driver to parser and transfer the data returned from/to device. For HID device, after it is successfully enumerated, WDM HID-class drivers (hidclass.sys, hidusb.sys, hidparse.sys) will be loaded and parser HID report descriptor. WDM HID-class supporting architecture affects the device implementation at device-level, i.e., each descriptor content and report descriptor structure.

In the HID-class device, most of monitor control parameters are defined as FEATURE items of HID report, but the brightness and contrast were defined as INPUT as well. All those buttons are defined as INPUT. In addition, there is one item defined as OUTPUT to control auto-brightness enabled/disabled by Applet.

Normally, each button usage type should be defined following the way the defined functionality works. In this device, only two types of buttons are defined: OOC and Retrigger. OOC means ON/OFF Control, Retrigger means until button was released, the sound volume or monitor contrast will continuously change. So MUTE button of audio control, three general purpose buttons, GPx, and HOTKEY button for popping up CoolScreen must be defined as OOC-type, the volume Up/Down and Contrast Up/ Down must be defined as Retrigger-type.

OOC-type has three definitions according to HID usage Table. We choose one: A 0 to 1 transition toggles On/Off control, i.e., first 0-1 transition turn ON, next 0-1 transition turns OFF. For OOC-type button, the data returned to



### Figure 2 OOC-type data definition

For other buttons, the data returned to Host is defined as in Fig.3. INPUT report is transferred to Host unidirectionally through interrupt pipe. Interrupt transfer means device doesn't respond until there is interrupt data pending, for buttons, that means, there is no data transfer until existing buttons are pressed at the time the Host polls this endpoint.

### HID report descriptor:

Following report descriptor follows what is discussed above. These descriptors can help to understand HID-class origin.

;*****								
, ;* STANDARD DEVICE DESCRIPTOR								
	;*************************************							
EMB	STAND I	DEV_DES	C:					
	DB	12H			BLENGTH			
	DB	01H			BDESCRIPTORTYPE			
	DB	00H						
	DB	01H	;2-3		VERSION 1.00 USB SPEC WORD			
	DB		;;04H	;4	CLASS			
	DB		;;01H					
	DB	00H	;; <b>0</b> FFH		;6 BDEVICEPROTOCOL			
	DB				BMAXPACKETSIZE0			
	DB	71H,O	4H		;8-9,IDVENDOR			
	DB	00н,0			;00H,00H ;A-B,IDPRODUCT			
	DB	00н,0			;C-D,BCDDEVICE			
	DB	00H	;E		IMANUFACTURER			
	DB	00H	;F		IPRODUCT			
	DB	00H	;10		ISERIALNUMBER			
	DB	01H	;11		BNUMCONFIGURATIONS			
EMB_	CONFIG DB DB DB DB DB	09H 02H	;1	confi	iguration length			
;	DB		;only or	ne in	nterface			
		02H	; TWO INT	LERF/	ACES			
	DB							
	DB	00H	;6					
	DB	0C0H	;7					
	DB	32H	;8					
EMB_INTERFACE_DESC: DB 09H ;0 DB 04H ;1								
	DB DB		;2, No.(	) int	terface			
	DB							
	DB							
		03H						

	DB DB DB	01H 00H 00H	;7				
тир ц	ספת תד	c٠					
ЕМВ-Н	DB DB DB DB DB	09H 21H 00H 01H		;DESCF ;DESCF ;		LENGTH TYPE	
	DB DB	REPOR	r_leng	ΓH		;REPORT	LENGTH
гмр г	ד 1 מרוא	NT DES	<b>.</b>				
<u> </u>		07H					
		05H					
		81H					
	DB	03H	; 3				
	DB	8,0 0ffH	;4-5				
EMB_I		CE1_DES					
	DB	09H 04H	;0 ;1				
	DB DB	04H 01U	,⊥ • ⊃	No.1 1		CF	
		00H		NO.1 1		AC E	
		01H					
		03H					
	DB	01H	;6				
	DB	00H	;7				
	DB	00H	;8				
;							
EMB_H	ID1_DE						
	DB	09H					
	DB DW	21H 100H					
	DW DB						
	DB						
	DB	22H					
	DB	REPOR	r1_len	GTH		;REPORT	LENGTH
	DB	OH	_				
EMB_ENDP1_INT_DESC1:							
EMB_E	DB DB	NT_DESC 07H					
	DB DB		;1				
	DB DB			NDPOINT	א אמת א	222	
	DB			NTERRUE		100	
	DB	8,0			_		
	DB		;255 t	ms			
;====	=====	======	======	======		======	
EMB_REPORT_DESC:							
	DB	05H,08				DAGE( N	
	DB	09H,01					FOR CONTROL)
	DB	0A1H,0					APPLICATION)
	DB	15H,O	JH		, TOGT(	CAL MININ	

DB	26H,0FFH,00	;LOGICAL MAXIMUM(255)
;		
DB DB		;REPORT SIZE( 8 BIT) ;REPORT COUNTER ( 7)
DB	85H,0FDH 09H,0FDH	;USAGE ( FD)
DB	0B2H,02H,01	; FEATURE ( DATA, VAR, ABS, BUF)
;	00211,0211,01	TEATORE ( DATA, VAR, ADD, DOT)
		;USAGE_PAGE ( VESA VIRTUAL CONTROL)
	75H,10H	;REPORT SIZE( 16 BIT)
DB	95H,01H	;REPORT COUNTER( 1 BYTES)
;	0.5	
DB		
		;USGAE ( DEGAUSS)
DB ;	0B1H,02H	;FEATURE ( DATA,VAR,ABS)
	85H,10H	;REPORT ID( 10H)
DB	09H,10H	;USGAE ( BRIGHTNESS)
DB		
;	0011170211	(Thirde ( Dilling vincpibo)
	09н,10н	;USAGE ( BRIGHTNESS)
DB	81H,02H	; INPUT ( DATA, VAR, ABS)
;		
DB	85H,12H	;REPORT ID( 12H)
DB	09H,12H	;USGAE ( CONTRAST)
DB	0B1H,02H	;FEATURE ( DATA,VAR,ABS)
;		
	09н,12н	
	81H,02H	;INPUT (DATA,VAR,ABS) ;CONTRAST UP/DOWN
;	95U 16U	;REPORT ID( 16H)
DB DB	85н,16н 09н,16н	;USGAE ( R GAIN)
DB	0B1H,02H	;FEATURE ( DATA, VAR, ABS)
;	02111,0211	
DB	85H,18H	;REPORT ID( 18H)
DB	09н,18н	;USAGE ( G GAIN)
DB	09H,18H 0B1H,02H	;FEATURE ( DATA,VAR,ABS)
;		
	85H,1AH	;REPORT ID( 1AH)
	09H,1AH	;USAGE ( B GAIN)
DB	0B1H,02H	;FEATURE ( DATA,VAR,ABS)
;	85H,20H	;REPORT ID( 20H)
DB DB	09H,20H	;USAGE ( HORIZONTAL POSITION)
DB	0B1H,02H	;FEATURE ( DATA, VAR, ABS)
;	00111,0211	(PERIORE ( DAIA, VAR, ADS)
DB	85H,22H	;REPORT ID( 22H)
DB	09H,22H	;USAGE ( HORIZONTAL SIZE)
DB	0B1H,02H	; FEATURE ( DATA, VAR, ABS)
;		
DB	85H,24H	;REPORT ID( 24H)
DB	09н,24н	;USGAE ( HORIZONTAL PIN)
DB	0B1H,02H	;FEATURE ( DATA,VAR,ABS)
;	0.511 2.011	
DB	85H,30H	;REPORT ID( 30H)
DB	09H,30H	;USAGE ( VERTICAL POSITION)
DB	0B1H,02H	;FEATURE ( DATA,VAR,ABS)

;			
,		85H,32H	
	ם חח	09H,32H	;REPORT ID( 32H)
			;USAGE ( VERTICAL SIZE)
		0B1H,02H	;FEATURE ( DATA,VAR,ABS)
;		0.512 4.012	
	DB	85H,42H	;REPORT ID( 42H)
	DB	09н,42н	;USAGE ( TRAPEZOIDAL)
	DB	0В1Н,02Н	;FEATURE ( DATA,VAR,ABS)
;			
	DB	85н,44н	;REPORT ID( 44H)
	DB	09н,44н	;USAGE ( TILT)
	DB	0В1Н,02Н	;FEATURE ( DATA,VAR,ABS)
;	-		
	DB	85H,0ACH	;REPORT ID( ACH)
	DB	09н,0АСН	;USAGE ( HORI. FREQ)
	DB	0В1Н,02Н	;FEATURE ( DATA, VAR, ABS)
;	-		
	DB	85H,OAEH	;REPORT ID( AEH)
		09H,0AEH	;USAGE ( VERTI. FREQ)
	DB	0B1H,02H	;FEATURE ( DATA,VAR,ABS)
;			,
	DB	85н,0в0н	;REPORT ID( B0H)
	DB	75н,02н	;REPORT SIZE( 2 BIT)
	DB	95H,01H	;REPORT COUNTER( 1 BYTES)
:			(REFORT COONTER( I DITES)
,			;LOGICAL MINIMUM(1)
	DB	15н,01н 25н,03н	;LOGICAL MAXIMUM(3)
	םם מח	09H,0B0H	;USAGE ( SETTING)
		0A1H,02	COLLECTION ( LOGICAL)
		05H,81H	;USGAE_PAGE( MONITOR ENUM VALUES)
	DB	09н,01н 09н,02н	;USAGE ENUM 1
	DB	09H,02H	;USGAE ENUM 2
		09н,03н	;USGAE ENUM 3
		ОВ1Н,ООН	;FEATURE ( DATA,ARRAY,ABS)
	DB	75н,06н	;REPORT SIZE (6 BITS)
	DB	0В1Н,01Н	;FEATURE (CONSTANT)
	DB	ОСОН	;END COLLECTION
;			
	DB	05н,0СН	;USAGE PAGE( CONSUMER DEVICE)
	DB	09н,01н	;UASGE(CONSUMER CONTROL)
	DB	0A1H,01H	; COLLECTION (APPLICATION)
	DB	15H,00H	;LOGICAL MINIMUM(0)
	DB	25H,01H	;LOGICAL MAXIMUM (1)
	DB	75H,01H	;REPORT SIZE( 1) ;FROM HERE ON, REPORT
SIZE	IS ALW		
;	10 1110		
,	DB	85H,041H	;REPORT ID( 41H)
	DB	95H,01H	;REPORT COUNT( 1) ;APPLET Menu hotkey
	DB DB	09H,40H	;USAGE ( MENU)
		-	
	DB	81H,02H	; INPUT (DATA, VAR, ABS)
	DB	95H,07H	; REPORT COUNT(7)
	DB	81H,01H	; INPUT ( CONSTANT )
;	DD	0511 2711	
	DB	85H,37H	;REPORT ID( 37H)
	DB	95H,03H	;REPORT COUNT(3)
	DB	09h,36h	;usage (Function Buttons)
	DB	0alh,01h	;Collection(Application)

;	DB DB DB DB DB DB DB DB	05H,09H 09H,01H 09H,02H 09H,03H 81H,02H 0c0h 95H,0DH 81H,01H	<pre>;USAGE PAGE(BUTTONS) ;USAGE(BUTTON_1) ;GP1 ;USAGE(BUTTON_2) ;GP2 ;USAGE(BUTTON_3) ;GP3 ;INPUT (DATA,VAR,ABS) ;end_collection ;REPORT COUNT( 13) ;INPUT(CONSTANT)</pre>			
,	DB	85H,08H	;REPORT ID(8)			
	DB	05H,08H	;USAGE_PAGE(LEDS)			
	DB	09Н,09Н	; USAGE ( MUTE )			
	DB	95H,01H	; REPORT COUNT(1)			
	DB	91H,02H	; OUTPUT (DATA, VAR, ABS)			
	DB	95H,07H	; REPORT_COUNT(7)			
	DB	91H,01H	; OUTPUT (CONST)			
;						
	DB	0C0H	; END_COLLECTION			
	DB	0C0H	;END_COLLECTION			
EMB_F	REPORT_	DESC_END:				
;						
EMB_F	REPORT1					
	DB	05H,0CH	;USAGE PAGE (CONSUMER DEVICES)			
	DB	09H,01H	; USAGE (CONSUMER CONTROL)			
	DB	OA1H,01H	; COLLECTION (APPLICATION)			
;	DB	85H,0E2H	;REPORT ID( E2H)			
	DB DB	15н,00н 25н,01н	;LOGICAL_MINIMUM(0) ;LOGICAL MAXIMUM(1)			
	DB DB	09H,0E9H	;USAGE(VOLUME UP)			
	DB DB	09H,0EAH	;USAGE(VOLIOME OF)			
	DB	75H,01H	;REPORT_SIZE(1)			
	DB	95H,02H	; REPORT COUNT(2)			
	DB	81H,02H	; INPUT (DATA, VAR, ABS)			
	DB	09H,0E2H	; USAGE (MUTE )			
	DB	95H,01H	; REPORT COUNT(1)			
	DB	81H,02H	; INPUT (DATA, VAR, ABS)			
	DB	95H,05H	; REPORT_COUNT (5)			
	DB	81H,01H	; INPUT (CONST)			
	DB	OCOH	;END_COLLECTION			
EMB_F	REPORTL	_DESC_END:				
;; descriptor length						
; acberrycor rengen						
CONF LENGTH EQU			EMB_REPORT_DESC-EMB_CONFIG_DESC			
REPORT_LENGTH EQU		TH EQU	EMB_REPORT_DESC_END-EMB_REPORT_DESC			
REPORT1_LENGTH EQU			EMB_REPORT1_DESC_END-EMB_REPORT1_DESC			
;	-					
	END					

### **Conclusion:**

Following figure is the result OS enumerate this device, the HID-compliant consumer device is the HID-based audio control, the other HID-compliant device services monitor control. Besides, in the Universal Serial Bus Controller entry, there exists a composite device. This is defined by the standard device descriptor. HID-compliant devices are defined by interface descriptor.

